

chicago style citing articles

The Chicago Manual of Style (CMOS) provides comprehensive guidelines for academic and professional writing, and mastering chicago style citing articles is crucial for academic integrity and clarity. This guide delves deep into the nuances of citing various types of articles, ensuring your research is properly attributed and your bibliography is meticulously organized. We will explore the two primary citation systems within Chicago style: notes and bibliography, and author-date. Furthermore, you will learn how to cite articles from periodicals like magazines and journals, including both print and online formats. Understanding the specific requirements for each source type is paramount to avoiding plagiarism and enabling your readers to easily locate your sources. This article aims to demystify the process of chicago style citing articles, offering practical advice and detailed examples.

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Understanding Chicago Style Citation Systems

Chicago style is unique in offering two distinct citation systems, each suited to different academic disciplines and publication types: the notes and bibliography system and the author-date system. The choice between these systems often depends on the field of study or the specific requirements of a publisher or instructor. Both systems are designed to provide readers with the necessary information to

locate the sources used in a work, ensuring transparency and allowing for further research.

The Notes and Bibliography System

The notes and bibliography system, also known as the documentary-footnote system, uses numbered notes (either footnotes or endnotes) to cite sources within the text. These notes provide specific page numbers and publication details for direct quotes or paraphrased ideas. At the end of the work, a bibliography lists all sources cited in the notes, presented in alphabetical order by author's last name. This system is prevalent in the humanities, including literature, history, and art history, allowing for detailed commentary and source discussion directly within the text.

The Author-Date System

The author-date system, commonly used in the social sciences and natural sciences, places a brief parenthetical citation in the text that includes the author's last name and the year of publication. For example, (Smith 2023). This is often followed by a page number for direct quotes. A corresponding reference list, alphabetically arranged by author's last name, appears at the end of the document, providing the full publication details for each cited source. This system offers a more streamlined approach to in-text citation, making it easier for readers to quickly identify the source of information without interrupting the flow of reading with extensive footnotes.

Citing Articles in the Notes and Bibliography System

When employing the notes and bibliography system for Chicago style citing articles, precision is key. Each time a source is referenced in the text, a corresponding note is generated. The first time an article is cited, the note will contain full publication details, while subsequent citations of the same

article can be abbreviated. The bibliography at the end of the document will then provide a comprehensive listing of all consulted sources.

First Footnote/Endnote for a Periodical Article

The initial note for a periodical article in Chicago style citing articles requires specific elements. This includes the author's first and last name, the title of the article in quotation marks, the title of the periodical in italics, the volume and issue number (if applicable), the date of publication, and the page number(s) on which the information appears. For example:

- John Smith, "The Impact of Renewable Energy on Global Markets," *Journal of Environmental Economics* 15, no. 2 (Spring 2023): 45.

Subsequent Footnote/Endnote for the Same Article

After the initial full citation, subsequent references to the same article can be significantly shortened. This typically includes the author's last name, a shortened version of the article title (if necessary to distinguish it from other works by the same author), and the specific page number being referenced. For instance:

- Smith, "Renewable Energy," 52.

If there is no need to distinguish between works by the same author, simply the author's last name and page number might suffice, but it's good practice to include a shortened title if ambiguity could

arise.

Bibliography Entry for a Periodical Article

The bibliography entry for a periodical article in Chicago style citing articles is similar to the first footnote but with slight formatting differences. The author's last name precedes their first name, and the page numbers are presented without a preceding "p." or "pp." and are often indicated with a colon. The periodical title is italicized, and the article title is enclosed in quotation marks. For example:

- Smith, John. "The Impact of Renewable Energy on Global Markets." *Journal of Environmental Economics* 15, no. 2 (Spring 2023): 45-60.

Citing Articles in the Author-Date System

The author-date system for Chicago style citing articles offers a more concise method for referencing sources within the text. Instead of footnotes or endnotes, brief parenthetical citations are embedded directly into the narrative, guiding the reader to the full citation in the reference list. This system emphasizes the publication date as a crucial element in identifying the source.

In-Text Citation in Author-Date

In the author-date system, an in-text citation typically includes the author's last name and the year of publication enclosed in parentheses. If a direct quote is used, the page number is also included. For example:

- (Smith 2023)
- (Smith 2023, 45)

If the author's name is mentioned in the sentence, only the year (and page number, if applicable) needs to be in parentheses:

- Smith's research indicates that (2023)
- As Smith (2023) notes, "... (45).

Reference List Entry for a Periodical Article

The reference list in the author-date system for Chicago style citing articles provides the complete details of each source. The format closely resembles the bibliography entry in the notes system but prioritizes the author and date. The author's last name is listed first, followed by their first name. The article title is in quotation marks, and the periodical title is italicized. The year of publication is presented immediately after the author's name, followed by volume and issue information and page numbers. For example:

- Smith, John. 2023. "The Impact of Renewable Energy on Global Markets." *Journal of Environmental Economics* 15, no. 2 (Spring): 45-60.

Citing Periodical Articles: Magazines

Magazine articles, while often less formal than scholarly journal articles, still require proper citation when used in academic or professional work. The process for Chicago style citing articles from magazines follows general principles but may differ slightly in the level of detail provided, especially concerning volume and issue numbers, which are not always prominently featured or consistent in magazines.

Notes and Bibliography for Magazine Articles

When citing a magazine article using the notes and bibliography system, the footnote or endnote will include the author's name, the article title in quotation marks, the magazine title in italics, the date of publication, and the page number(s).

- Jane Doe, "The Future of Urban Farming," *National Geographic*, October 2022, 34.

The bibliography entry will follow a similar structure, with the author's last name first:

- Doe, Jane. "The Future of Urban Farming." *National Geographic*, October 2022.

Author-Date for Magazine Articles

For the author-date system, the in-text citation would be (Doe 2022). The reference list entry would be:

- Doe, Jane. 2022. "The Future of Urban Farming." *National Geographic*, October.

Note that for magazines, the month is often included as part of the date, and issue numbers are less common than for scholarly journals.

Citing Scholarly Journal Articles

Scholarly journal articles form the backbone of much academic research, and accurate Chicago style citing articles from these sources is paramount. The detailed nature of journal publications allows for precise citation, ensuring that readers can easily access the specific research being referenced.

Full Note for a Journal Article

A full note for a scholarly journal article in the notes and bibliography system includes the author's first and last name, the article title in quotation marks, the journal title in italics, the volume number, the issue number (often preceded by "no."), the publication year, and the page number(s).

- Robert Johnson, "Quantum Entanglement in Macroscopic Systems," *Physical Review Letters* 120, no. 5 (February 2023): 050401.

Subsequent Note for a Journal Article

Subsequent notes will be shortened, typically including the author's last name, a shortened article title

if necessary, and the page number.

- Johnson, "Quantum Entanglement," 050401-2.

Bibliography Entry for a Journal Article

The bibliography entry for a journal article for Chicago style citing articles will be:

- Johnson, Robert. "Quantum Entanglement in Macroscopic Systems." *Physical Review Letters* 120, no. 5 (February 2023): 050401.

It is important to note the inclusion of the issue number, which is standard for journal articles and helps uniquely identify the specific publication.

Citing Online Articles

The proliferation of online content necessitates clear guidelines for Chicago style citing articles published on the internet. Whether it's an article from a website, an online newspaper, or a digital version of a magazine or journal, the principles of providing clear attribution remain the same.

Online Magazine or Newspaper Articles

For articles found online from sources that also publish in print (like magazines or newspapers), the

citation should include the author, article title, publication name, and date. Crucially, a stable URL or DOI (Digital Object Identifier) is essential for online sources.

- In Notes: Sarah Lee, "The Rise of Remote Work," *The New York Times*, March 15, 2023, <https://www.nytimes.com/2023/03/15/business/remote-work.html>
- In Bibliography/Reference List: Lee, Sarah. "The Rise of Remote Work." *The New York Times*, March 15, 2023. <https://www.nytimes.com/2023/03/15/business/remote-work.html>

Online Scholarly Journal Articles

When citing an online scholarly journal article, include all the details of a print journal article, plus the DOI or a stable URL.

- In Notes: Emily Chen, "The Impact of AI on Creative Industries," *Digital Humanities Quarterly* 17, no. 1 (2023), doi:10.1093/dhq/qtad001.
- In Bibliography/Reference List: Chen, Emily. "The Impact of AI on Creative Industries." *Digital Humanities Quarterly* 17, no. 1 (2023). doi:10.1093/dhq/qtad001.

If a DOI is not available, provide the URL. It's also advisable to include an access date for online sources, particularly if the content is likely to change.

Essential Elements for Chicago Style Article Citations

Regardless of the specific type of article or the chosen citation system, several core elements are consistently required for effective Chicago style citing articles. These components ensure that your citations are complete, accurate, and allow your readers to locate the original source with ease. Understanding these fundamental pieces of information will streamline your citation process.

- **Author's Name(s):** The full name of the author(s) or editor(s) responsible for the article.
- **Article Title:** The complete title of the article, enclosed in quotation marks.
- **Publication Title:** The name of the periodical, magazine, journal, or website where the article was published, italicized.
- **Publication Date:** The full date of publication, including month and day for magazines and newspapers, and month and year for journals.
- **Volume and Issue Numbers:** Essential for scholarly journals, these help pinpoint the specific publication.
- **Page Numbers:** The specific pages where the article appears in print, or the range of pages for the entire article.
- **URL or DOI:** For online articles, a persistent link (DOI) or a stable URL is crucial for retrieval.

Common Pitfalls in Chicago Style Article Citation

Even with comprehensive guides, writers can fall into common traps when it comes to Chicago style citing articles. Being aware of these potential errors can help prevent them and ensure the accuracy and professionalism of your work.

- **Inconsistent Formatting:** Failing to maintain consistent formatting for quotation marks, italics, and punctuation across all citations.
- **Incorrect Order of Elements:** Placing elements like the publication date or page numbers in the wrong sequence.
- **Missing Information:** Omitting crucial details such as the issue number for a journal article or the URL for an online source.
- **Misunderstanding of System Differences:** Confusing the requirements of the notes and bibliography system with those of the author-date system, especially regarding in-text citations and bibliography vs. reference list formats.
- **Oversimplification of Online Sources:** Treating all online articles the same, without considering whether they originate from a periodical or a standalone website.
- **Incorrectly Handling Multiple Authors:** Not following the correct protocols for citing articles with more than one author, especially in the bibliography or reference list.

By diligently applying these guidelines and paying close attention to the specific requirements of each source type, you can ensure that your Chicago style citing articles are impeccable. This attention to detail not only upholds academic standards but also enhances the credibility and usability of your

research for your audience.

FAQ

Q: What is the difference between a bibliography and a reference list in Chicago style?

A: In Chicago style, the "Bibliography" is used with the notes and bibliography system, and it includes all sources consulted, whether cited in the notes or not. A "Reference List," used with the author-date system, includes only those sources that are actually cited within the text.

Q: Do I need to include the access date for online articles cited in Chicago style?

A: While not always mandatory, the Chicago Manual of Style recommends including an access date for online sources, especially if the content is likely to be updated or removed. This provides a timestamp for when the information was last verified.

Q: How do I cite an article with no author in Chicago style?

A: If an article has no author, begin the citation with the title of the article. In the notes and bibliography system, the title will be followed by the publication title. In the author-date system, the title will precede the date in the reference list entry.

Q: What is a DOI and why is it important for online articles?

A: A DOI (Digital Object Identifier) is a persistent, unique identifier for electronic documents. It's crucial for online articles because it provides a stable link to the content, even if the URL changes. Always

include the DOI if available.

Q: How do I cite an article that is part of a larger work, like a chapter in a book?

A: Citing a chapter in a book involves providing the author and title of the chapter, followed by the title of the book (in italics), the book's editor (if any), publication information, and the page range of the chapter. This differs from citing a periodical article.

Q: Can I use abbreviations for journal titles in Chicago style?

A: Generally, Chicago style prefers full journal titles. Abbreviations are typically only used if they are universally recognized within a specific field or if the publication itself consistently uses an abbreviation. It's always safer to use the full title.

Q: How should I cite an article that has been published online but also has a print version?

A: If an online article also has a print version, cite it as a print article, including the page numbers. You can optionally include the URL or DOI as well, often after the publication details, to provide easy access to the online version.

Q: What if an article has multiple authors? How do I list them in Chicago style?

A: For two authors, list both names in all citations. For three or more authors, list the first author's name followed by "et al." (meaning "and others") in notes and in the in-text citations for the author-date system. In the bibliography and reference list, for three or more authors, list all author names in the bibliography, but you can use "et al." in the reference list for subsequent editions or if specified by your

instructor. Always check the latest edition of the Chicago Manual of Style for the most up-to-date guidelines on author lists.

Chicago Style Citing Articles

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