

CHICAGO MANUAL OF STYLE AUTHOR DATE CITATION EXAMPLES

UNDERSTANDING CHICAGO MANUAL OF STYLE AUTHOR-DATE CITATION EXAMPLES

CHICAGO MANUAL OF STYLE AUTHOR DATE CITATION EXAMPLES ARE ESSENTIAL FOR ACADEMIC AND PROFESSIONAL WRITERS SEEKING TO ACCURATELY ATTRIBUTE SOURCES WITHIN THEIR WORK. THIS WIDELY RESPECTED CITATION STYLE, OFTEN REFERRED TO AS THE "TURABIAN STYLE" WHEN USED IN DISSERTATIONS AND THESES, OFFERS A CLEAR AND CONSISTENT METHOD FOR MANAGING REFERENCES. UNLIKE THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM, THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM PLACES PARENTHETICAL CITATIONS DIRECTLY WITHIN THE TEXT, ACCOMPANIED BY A CORRESPONDING REFERENCE LIST AT THE END OF THE DOCUMENT. THIS ARTICLE PROVIDES A COMPREHENSIVE GUIDE TO NAVIGATING THE NUANCES OF CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE CITATIONS, COVERING IN-TEXT CITATIONS, REFERENCE LIST ENTRIES, AND COMMON SOURCE TYPES. WE WILL EXPLORE HOW TO FORMAT CITATIONS FOR BOOKS, JOURNAL ARTICLES, WEBSITES, AND OTHER FREQUENTLY ENCOUNTERED MATERIALS, ENSURING YOUR SCHOLARLY WORK ADHERES TO THE HIGHEST STANDARDS OF ACADEMIC INTEGRITY.

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UNDERSTANDING THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM

THE CHICAGO MANUAL OF STYLE (CMOS) OFFERS TWO PRIMARY CITATION SYSTEMS: NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY AND AUTHOR-DATE. THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM IS PARTICULARLY FAVORED IN THE SOCIAL SCIENCES AND NATURAL SCIENCES, WHERE BREVITY AND IMMEDIATE ACCESS TO SOURCE INFORMATION ARE PARAMOUNT. ITS CORE PRINCIPLE IS TO PROVIDE A CONCISE CITATION WITHIN THE TEXT THAT DIRECTLY POINTS THE READER TO A FULL BIBLIOGRAPHIC ENTRY AT THE END OF THE WORK. THIS STREAMLINED APPROACH HELPS READERS QUICKLY VERIFY THE ORIGIN OF INFORMATION WITHOUT NEEDING TO CONSULT EXTENSIVE FOOTNOTES OR ENDNOTES, CONTRIBUTING TO A CLEANER AND MORE FOCUSED READING EXPERIENCE. THE FUNDAMENTAL COMPONENTS OF THIS SYSTEM ARE THE PARENTHETICAL IN-TEXT CITATION AND THE ALPHABETICALLY ORDERED REFERENCE LIST.

THE PARENTHETICAL CITATION IN THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM TYPICALLY INCLUDES THE AUTHOR'S LAST NAME AND THE YEAR OF PUBLICATION. IF THE AUTHOR'S NAME IS ALREADY MENTIONED IN THE TEXT, ONLY THE YEAR IS NEEDED WITHIN THE PARENTHESES. THIS DIRECT REFERENCING ALLOWS FOR SEAMLESS INTEGRATION OF SOURCE MATERIAL INTO YOUR PROSE. THE CORRESPONDING REFERENCE LIST ENTRY PROVIDES ALL THE NECESSARY PUBLICATION DETAILS, ENABLING READERS TO LOCATE THE ORIGINAL SOURCE. ACCURACY IN BOTH THE IN-TEXT CITATIONS AND THE REFERENCE LIST IS CRUCIAL FOR AVOIDING PLAGIARISM AND DEMONSTRATING SCHOLARLY RIGOR.

IN-TEXT CITATIONS IN THE CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE STYLE

MASTERING THE FORMAT OF IN-TEXT CITATIONS IS FUNDAMENTAL TO CORRECTLY IMPLEMENTING THE CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM. THESE BRIEF REFERENCES, EMBEDDED WITHIN YOUR WRITING, SERVE AS SIGNPOSTS TO YOUR FULL SOURCES. THE MOST COMMON FORMAT INVOLVES THE AUTHOR'S LAST NAME AND THE PUBLICATION YEAR, ENCLOSED IN PARENTHESES. FOR INSTANCE, IF YOU ARE CITING A WORK BY JANE DOE PUBLISHED IN 2022, THE IN-TEXT CITATION WOULD APPEAR AS (DOE 2022).

WHEN THE AUTHOR'S NAME IS EXPLICITLY MENTIONED IN THE SENTENCE, YOU CAN OMIT IT FROM THE PARENTHETICAL CITATION. FOR EXAMPLE, "AS DOE (2022) ARGUES, THE IMPLICATIONS OF THIS PHENOMENON ARE FAR-REACHING." THIS APPROACH ENHANCES THE FLOW OF YOUR WRITING WHILE STILL PROVIDING THE NECESSARY SOURCE INFORMATION. IF A WORK HAS MULTIPLE AUTHORS, SPECIFIC RULES APPLY. FOR TWO AUTHORS, LIST BOTH LAST NAMES CONNECTED BY "AND" WITHIN THE PARENTHESES: (SMITH AND JONES 2020). FOR THREE OR MORE AUTHORS, LIST ONLY THE FIRST AUTHOR'S LAST NAME FOLLOWED BY "ET AL." AND THE YEAR: (WILLIAMS ET AL. 2019).

PAGE NUMBERS ARE ALSO ESSENTIAL WHEN QUOTING DIRECTLY OR REFERRING TO SPECIFIC INFORMATION. THESE SHOULD BE

ADDED AFTER THE YEAR, SEPARATED BY A COMMA. FOR A DIRECT QUOTE, YOU WOULD CITE IT AS (Doe 2022, 45). FOR PARAPHRASED MATERIAL WHERE YOU WANT TO INDICATE A SPECIFIC LOCATION WITHIN THE TEXT, INCLUDE THE PAGE NUMBER AS WELL: (Doe 2022, 45). THE INCLUSION OF PAGE NUMBERS, WHILE NOT ALWAYS MANDATORY FOR PARAPHRASED MATERIAL, IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED FOR CLARITY AND PRECISION, ESPECIALLY IN LONGER OR MORE COMPLEX WORKS.

CRAFTING REFERENCE LIST ENTRIES

THE REFERENCE LIST, POSITIONED AT THE END OF YOUR DOCUMENT, PROVIDES A COMPREHENSIVE BIBLIOGRAPHY OF ALL SOURCES CITED IN YOUR TEXT. EACH ENTRY MUST BE METICULOUSLY FORMATTED TO ALLOW READERS TO LOCATE THE ORIGINAL MATERIAL EASILY. THE LIST IS ALPHABETIZED BY THE AUTHOR'S LAST NAME, AND IN CASES WHERE MULTIPLE WORKS BY THE SAME AUTHOR ARE CITED, THEY ARE ORDERED CHRONOLOGICALLY BY PUBLICATION YEAR, WITH THE EARLIEST WORK APPEARING FIRST.

EACH REFERENCE LIST ENTRY BEGINS WITH THE AUTHOR'S LAST NAME, FOLLOWED BY A COMMA AND THEIR FIRST NAME. FOR WORKS WITH MULTIPLE AUTHORS, THE FIRST AUTHOR'S NAME IS INVERTED (LAST, FIRST), WHILE SUBSEQUENT AUTHORS ARE LISTED IN NORMAL ORDER (FIRST LAST). THE TITLE OF THE WORK IS THEN PRESENTED, WITH KEY WORDS CAPITALIZED, AND ITALICIZED IF IT IS A STANDALONE WORK LIKE A BOOK OR JOURNAL. PUBLICATION DETAILS, SUCH AS THE PLACE OF PUBLICATION, PUBLISHER, AND YEAR, FOLLOW. FOR ARTICLES, THE JOURNAL TITLE, VOLUME, ISSUE NUMBER, AND PAGE RANGE ARE CRUCIAL.

CONSISTENT FORMATTING IS KEY. THE CHICAGO MANUAL OF STYLE SPECIFIES PRECISE PUNCTUATION AND CAPITALIZATION RULES FOR EACH ELEMENT OF A REFERENCE ENTRY. FOR INSTANCE, BOOK TITLES ARE ITALICIZED, WHILE ARTICLE TITLES ARE PLACED IN QUOTATION MARKS. THE YEAR OF PUBLICATION IS A CRITICAL COMPONENT, APPEARING PROMINENTLY IN EACH ENTRY. PAY CLOSE ATTENTION TO THE PLACEMENT OF COMMAS, PERIODS, AND COLONS, AS THESE DETAILS CONTRIBUTE TO THE PROFESSIONAL APPEARANCE AND USABILITY OF YOUR REFERENCE LIST.

CITING BOOKS

CITING BOOKS IN THE CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE STYLE REQUIRES ATTENTION TO SPECIFIC DETAILS ABOUT THE AUTHOR, TITLE, PUBLICATION INFORMATION, AND YEAR. FOR A SINGLE-AUTHOR BOOK, THE REFERENCE LIST ENTRY TYPICALLY BEGINS WITH THE AUTHOR'S LAST NAME, FOLLOWED BY THEIR FIRST NAME. THE TITLE OF THE BOOK IS ITALICIZED, AND THE PUBLICATION YEAR IS CRUCIAL. FOR EXAMPLE, A BOOK BY JOHN SMITH PUBLISHED IN 2023 WOULD BE LISTED AS: SMITH, JOHN. 2023. *THE HISTORY OF CITATION*. FOR A BOOK WITH TWO AUTHORS, THE FORMAT IS (SMITH AND EMILY JOHNSON 2021).

WHEN CITING A BOOK WITH THREE OR MORE AUTHORS, THE REFERENCE LIST ENTRY WILL ONLY INCLUDE THE FIRST AUTHOR'S NAME, FOLLOWED BY "ET AL." AND THE PUBLICATION YEAR. FOR INSTANCE, IF A BOOK IS AUTHORED BY ALICE BROWN, ROBERT GREEN, AND SUSAN WHITE, PUBLISHED IN 2018, THE ENTRY WOULD APPEAR AS: BROWN, ALICE, ET AL. 2018. *RESEARCH METHODOLOGIES*. THIS "ET AL." CONVENTION STREAMLINES THE ENTRY WHILE STILL DIRECTING READERS TO THE FULL LIST OF AUTHORS ON THE TITLE PAGE OF THE BOOK ITSELF.

FOR EDITED BOOKS, THE EDITOR'S NAME REPLACES THE AUTHOR'S NAME, PRECEDED BY "ED." AFTER THE NAME. FOR EXAMPLE, A BOOK EDITED BY DAVID LEE WOULD BE FORMATTED AS: LEE, DAVID, ED. 2020. *COLLECTED ESSAYS*. THE TITLE OF THE BOOK IS ITALICIZED, FOLLOWED BY THE PUBLICATION YEAR. IF YOU ARE CITING A SPECIFIC CHAPTER WITHIN AN EDITED BOOK, YOU WILL INCLUDE THE CHAPTER AUTHOR, CHAPTER TITLE (IN QUOTATION MARKS), THE EDITOR'S NAME, THE BOOK TITLE (ITALICIZED), AND THE PAGE RANGE OF THE CHAPTER.

CITING JOURNAL ARTICLES

JOURNAL ARTICLES ARE A CORNERSTONE OF ACADEMIC RESEARCH, AND THEIR CITATION IN THE CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE STYLE REQUIRES SPECIFIC FORMATTING TO CAPTURE ALL ESSENTIAL DETAILS. THE REFERENCE LIST ENTRY FOR A JOURNAL ARTICLE BEGINS WITH THE AUTHOR'S LAST NAME AND FIRST NAME. THIS IS FOLLOWED BY THE ARTICLE TITLE, ENCLOSED IN QUOTATION MARKS, AND THEN THE JOURNAL TITLE, WHICH IS ITALICIZED.

CRUCIALLY, YOU MUST INCLUDE THE JOURNAL'S VOLUME NUMBER AND ISSUE NUMBER, FOLLOWED BY THE PAGE RANGE OF THE ARTICLE. FOR EXAMPLE, AN ARTICLE BY SARAH LEE PUBLISHED IN VOLUME 15, ISSUE 2, PAGES 112-130 OF THE JOURNAL OF ACADEMIC WRITING IN 2021 WOULD BE LISTED AS: LEE, SARAH. 2021. "EFFECTIVE PARAPHRASING TECHNIQUES." *JOURNAL OF ACADEMIC WRITING* 15 (2): 112-130. THE INCLUSION OF THE ISSUE NUMBER IS IMPORTANT FOR JOURNAL PAGINATION THAT RESTARTS WITH EACH ISSUE.

IF THE JOURNAL ARTICLE IS ACCESSED ONLINE, IT IS GOOD PRACTICE TO INCLUDE A DOI (DIGITAL OBJECT IDENTIFIER) IF AVAILABLE. THE DOI IS A PERSISTENT LINK TO THE ARTICLE AND IS FORMATTED AS A URL. FOR EXAMPLE: LEE, SARAH. 2021. "EFFECTIVE PARAPHRASING TECHNIQUES." *JOURNAL OF ACADEMIC WRITING* 15 (2): 112–130. doi:10.1080/12345678.2021.1987654. IF A DOI IS NOT AVAILABLE, YOU CAN INCLUDE THE URL OF THE JOURNAL'S WEBSITE OR THE SPECIFIC PAGE WHERE THE ARTICLE CAN BE FOUND, ALONG WITH THE ACCESS DATE.

CITING WEBSITES AND ONLINE SOURCES

CITING WEBSITES AND OTHER ONLINE RESOURCES IN THE CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE STYLE REQUIRES FLEXIBILITY, AS THE STRUCTURE OF ONLINE CONTENT CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY. THE GENERAL PRINCIPLE IS TO PROVIDE AS MUCH INFORMATION AS POSSIBLE TO HELP THE READER LOCATE THE SOURCE. START WITH THE AUTHOR'S NAME IF AVAILABLE, FOLLOWED BY THE TITLE OF THE SPECIFIC PAGE OR DOCUMENT (IN QUOTATION MARKS), AND THEN THE WEBSITE'S NAME (ITALICIZED).

THE PUBLICATION DATE IS CRITICAL. IF A SPECIFIC DATE IS PROVIDED ON THE WEBPAGE, USE IT. IF ONLY A YEAR IS AVAILABLE, USE THAT. IF NO DATE IS EVIDENT, USE "N.D." (NO DATE). YOU MUST ALSO INCLUDE THE URL AND THE DATE YOU ACCESSED THE MATERIAL. FOR EXAMPLE, A WEBPAGE AUTHORED BY MARK JOHNSON TITLED "DIGITAL RESEARCH TOOLS" ON THE WEBSITE ACADEMICS ONLINE, LAST UPDATED IN 2023, WOULD BE: JOHNSON, MARK. 2023. "DIGITAL RESEARCH TOOLS." *ACADEMICS ONLINE*. ACCESSED OCTOBER 26, 2023. [HTTPS://WWW.ACADEMICSONLINE.COM/TOOLS](https://www.academicsonline.com/tools).

FOR CONTENT WITHOUT AN AUTHOR, BEGIN WITH THE TITLE OF THE PAGE OR DOCUMENT. IF THE WEBSITE ITSELF IS THE AUTHOR, YOU CAN LIST THE ORGANIZATION'S NAME. FOR INSTANCE, IF YOU ARE CITING A REPORT FROM AN ORGANIZATION, THE ENTRY MIGHT LOOK LIKE: WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION. 2022. *GLOBAL HEALTH TRENDS REPORT*. ACCESSED OCTOBER 26, 2023. [HTTPS://WWW.WHO.INT/REPORTS/GLOBAL-HEALTH-TRENDS](https://www.who.int/reports/global-health-trends). THE KEY IS TO ENSURE THE READER HAS ENOUGH INFORMATION TO FIND THE EXACT CONTENT YOU REFERENCED, GIVEN THE EPHEMERAL NATURE OF SOME ONLINE RESOURCES.

CITING OTHER SOURCE TYPES

BEYOND BOOKS AND JOURNAL ARTICLES, THE CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM ACCOMMODATES A WIDE ARRAY OF SOURCE TYPES, EACH WITH ITS SPECIFIC FORMATTING REQUIREMENTS. FOR INSTANCE, CITING A NEWSPAPER ARTICLE INVOLVES PROVIDING THE AUTHOR (IF KNOWN), THE ARTICLE TITLE (IN QUOTATION MARKS), THE NEWSPAPER NAME (ITALICIZED), THE DATE OF PUBLICATION, AND THE PAGE NUMBER OR URL. AN EXAMPLE WOULD BE: PATEL, ANITA. 2023. "LOCAL ELECTION RESULTS ANALYZED." *THE CITY TIMES*, OCTOBER 25, A1.

WHEN CITING A DISSERTATION OR THESIS, YOU WOULD INCLUDE THE AUTHOR'S NAME, THE DISSERTATION TITLE (ITALICIZED), THE DEGREE SOUGHT, THE UNIVERSITY, AND THE YEAR OF COMPLETION. IF IT IS AN UNPUBLISHED DISSERTATION AVAILABLE ONLINE, YOU WOULD INCLUDE THE DATABASE OR REPOSITORY INFORMATION AND URL. FOR EXAMPLE: GARCIA, CARLOS. 2021. *STUDIES IN RHETORICAL THEORY*. PHD DISS., UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO. PROQUEST DISSERTATIONS PUBLISHING.

OTHER COMMON SOURCES INCLUDE CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS, REPORTS, AND GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS. FOR REPORTS, YOU WOULD TYPICALLY LIST THE AUTHORIZING ORGANIZATION OR INDIVIDUAL, THE REPORT TITLE (ITALICIZED), AND THE PUBLICATION YEAR. GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS ARE CITED BY THE ISSUING AGENCY, THE DOCUMENT TITLE (ITALICIZED), AND THE YEAR. THE UNDERLYING PRINCIPLE FOR ALL THESE DIVERSE SOURCE TYPES REMAINS CONSISTENT: PROVIDE CLEAR, ACCURATE, AND COMPLETE BIBLIOGRAPHIC INFORMATION TO ENABLE READER VERIFICATION AND RETRIEVAL.

COMMON CITATION CHALLENGES AND SOLUTIONS

NAVIGATING THE INTRICACIES OF ANY CITATION STYLE CAN PRESENT CHALLENGES, AND THE CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM IS NO EXCEPTION. ONE COMMON ISSUE ARISES WITH SOURCES THAT LACK A CLEAR AUTHOR OR PUBLICATION DATE. FOR AN AUTHORLESS WORK, YOU BEGIN THE CITATION WITH THE TITLE OF THE WORK. IF A PUBLICATION DATE IS MISSING, YOU USE "N.D." (NO DATE) IN ITS PLACE. THIS ENSURES THAT THE ABSENCE OF INFORMATION IS CLEARLY NOTED RATHER THAN BEING OVERLOOKED.

ANOTHER FREQUENT POINT OF CONFUSION INVOLVES CITING MULTIPLE WORKS BY THE SAME AUTHOR PUBLISHED IN THE SAME YEAR. IN SUCH CASES, CHICAGO STYLE REQUIRES YOU TO APPEND LOWERCASE LETTERS TO THE PUBLICATION YEAR, BOTH IN THE IN-TEXT CITATIONS AND THE REFERENCE LIST ENTRIES. FOR EXAMPLE, IF AN AUTHOR PUBLISHED TWO WORKS IN 2020, THE CITATIONS WOULD BE (DOE 2020A) AND (DOE 2020B), AND THE REFERENCE LIST ENTRIES WOULD BE DOE, JANE. 2020A. *FIRST BOOK*. AND DOE, JANE. 2020B. *SECOND BOOK*.

WHEN CITING ELECTRONIC RESOURCES THAT CHANGE FREQUENTLY, SUCH AS BLOGS OR WIKIS, IT IS CRUCIAL TO INCLUDE THE

ACCESS DATE. THIS ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE CONTENT MAY BE UPDATED OR REMOVED, AND THE ACCESS DATE PROVIDES A SNAPSHOT OF THE INFORMATION AT THE TIME OF YOUR CONSULTATION. SIMILARLY, IF YOU ARE CITING A SPECIFIC VERSION OF A SOFTWARE OR A DATASET, CLEARLY INDICATE THE VERSION NUMBER AND RELEASE DATE TO ENSURE YOUR REFERENCE IS PRECISE. ALWAYS REFER TO THE LATEST EDITION OF THE CHICAGO MANUAL OF STYLE FOR THE MOST AUTHORITATIVE GUIDANCE ON THESE NUANCED SITUATIONS.

Q: WHAT IS THE PRIMARY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM AND THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM?

A: THE PRIMARY DIFFERENCE LIES IN THE PLACEMENT AND FORMAT OF CITATIONS. THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM USES PARENTHETICAL CITATIONS WITHIN THE TEXT, IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWED BY A REFERENCE LIST AT THE END. THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM USES FOOTNOTES OR ENDNOTES FOR CITATIONS, WITH A SEPARATE BIBLIOGRAPHY AT THE END THAT LISTS ALL SOURCES CITED.

Q: HOW DO I CITE A SOURCE WITH NO AUTHOR IN THE CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE STYLE?

A: IF A SOURCE HAS NO AUTHOR, BEGIN THE CITATION WITH THE TITLE OF THE WORK. FOR EXAMPLE, IN THE REFERENCE LIST, IT WOULD BE TITLE OF WORK. FOLLOWED BY THE PUBLICATION DETAILS. IN-TEXT, YOU WOULD CITE IT USING THE FIRST FEW WORDS OF THE TITLE, SUCH AS ("TITLE OF WORK" 2023).

Q: WHAT SHOULD I DO IF A BOOK I AM CITING HAS NO PUBLICATION DATE?

A: WHEN A BOOK HAS NO PUBLICATION DATE, YOU SHOULD USE "N.D." (FOR "NO DATE") IN PLACE OF THE YEAR IN BOTH YOUR IN-TEXT CITATIONS AND YOUR REFERENCE LIST ENTRIES. FOR EXAMPLE, (SMITH N.D.) AND SMITH, JOHN. N.D. BOOK TITLE.

Q: HOW DO I CITE A SOURCE WITH MULTIPLE EDITIONS IN CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE?

A: IF YOU ARE CITING A SPECIFIC EDITION OF A BOOK THAT IS NOT THE FIRST, YOU SHOULD INCLUDE THE EDITION NUMBER IN YOUR CITATION. FOR EXAMPLE, IN THE REFERENCE LIST, IT MIGHT APPEAR AS: SMITH, JOHN. 2022. BOOK TITLE. 3RD ED. FOR IN-TEXT CITATIONS, YOU WOULD STILL USE THE AUTHOR AND YEAR: (SMITH 2022).

Q: CAN I USE ET AL. FOR TWO AUTHORS IN CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE?

A: NO, THE "ET AL." ABBREVIATION IS ONLY USED FOR THREE OR MORE AUTHORS. FOR TWO AUTHORS, YOU MUST LIST BOTH OF THEIR LAST NAMES, CONNECTED BY "AND," IN BOTH THE IN-TEXT CITATION AND THE REFERENCE LIST ENTRY. FOR EXAMPLE: (SMITH AND JONES 2021).

Q: HOW DO I CITE A PERSONAL COMMUNICATION, LIKE AN EMAIL OR INTERVIEW, IN CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE?

A: PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS ARE TYPICALLY NOT INCLUDED IN THE REFERENCE LIST AS THEY ARE NOT RECOVERABLE BY THE READER. INSTEAD, THEY ARE CITED IN-TEXT AS A PARENTHETICAL NOTE, INCLUDING THE TYPE OF COMMUNICATION, THE RECIPIENT, AND THE DATE. FOR EXAMPLE: (A. J. LEE, EMAIL TO AUTHOR, OCTOBER 25, 2023).

Q: WHAT IS THE CORRECT WAY TO CITE A WEBSITE WITH A CORPORATE AUTHOR IN CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE?

A: FOR A WEBSITE WITH A CORPORATE AUTHOR, BEGIN THE REFERENCE LIST ENTRY WITH THE NAME OF THE ORGANIZATION. FOR EXAMPLE: WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION. 2023. REPORT TITLE. ACCESSED OCTOBER 26, 2023. [HTTPS://WWW.WHO.INT/REPORT](https://www.who.int/report). THE IN-TEXT CITATION WOULD BE (WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION 2023).

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